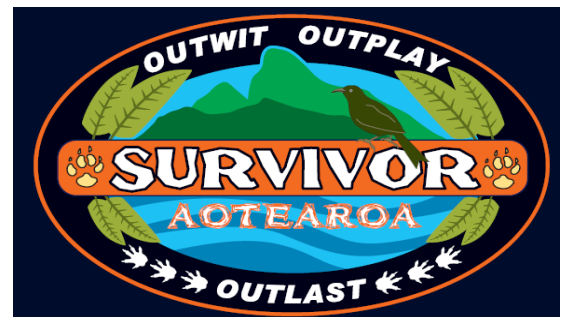
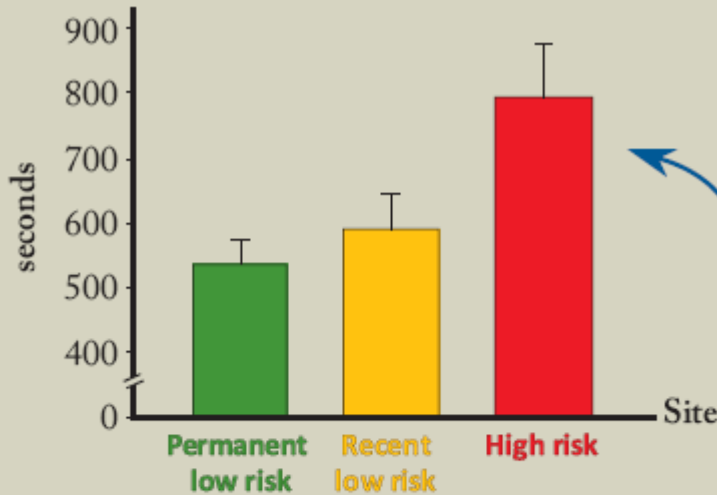


THE RESULTS

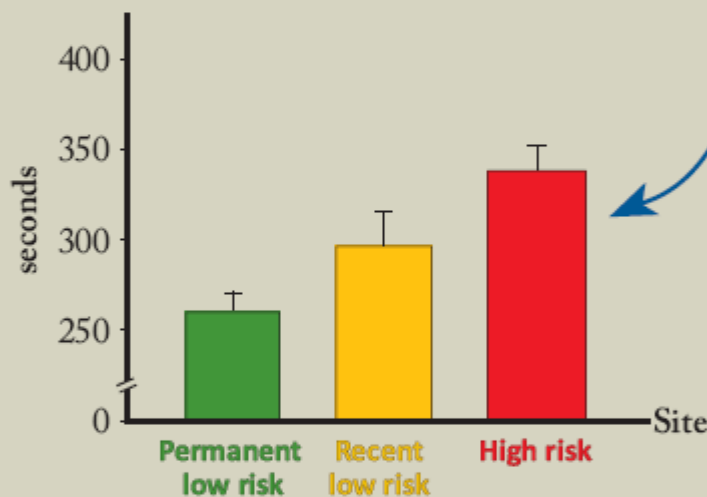


Mean On-bouts



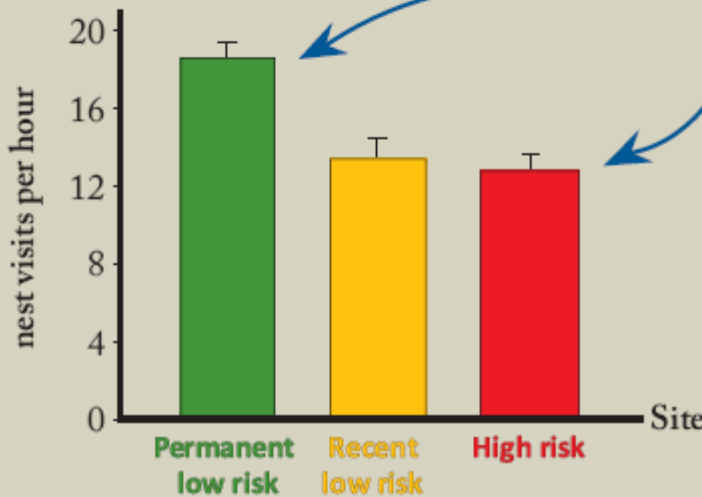
The birds at the **high risk site** visit their nests for longer periods (on-bouts) and.....

Mean Off-bouts



.... forage away from the nests for longer periods (off-bouts) .

Nestling feeding visits



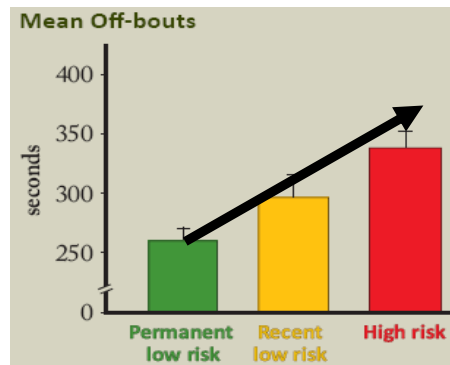
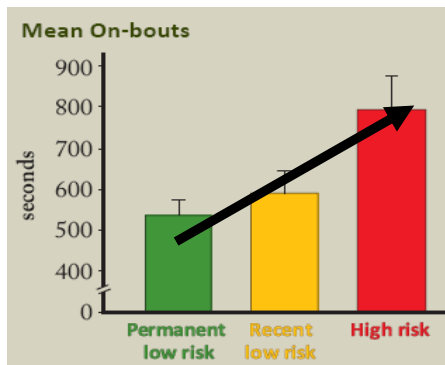
The birds at the **high risk site** visit their nest less frequently compared to the **recent low risk site** and the permanent **low risk site**.

QUESTIONS

1. Explain why the change of behaviour would be an advantage for Bellbirds in the high risk site?

2. When there is no risk from predators – why do you think Bellbirds visit their nests and forage more often?

3. What does the trend, shown below, tell us about the Bellbirds?



4. FINAL TRIBAL COUNCIL: What is the conclusion of this study? How could it be useful to conservationists?
