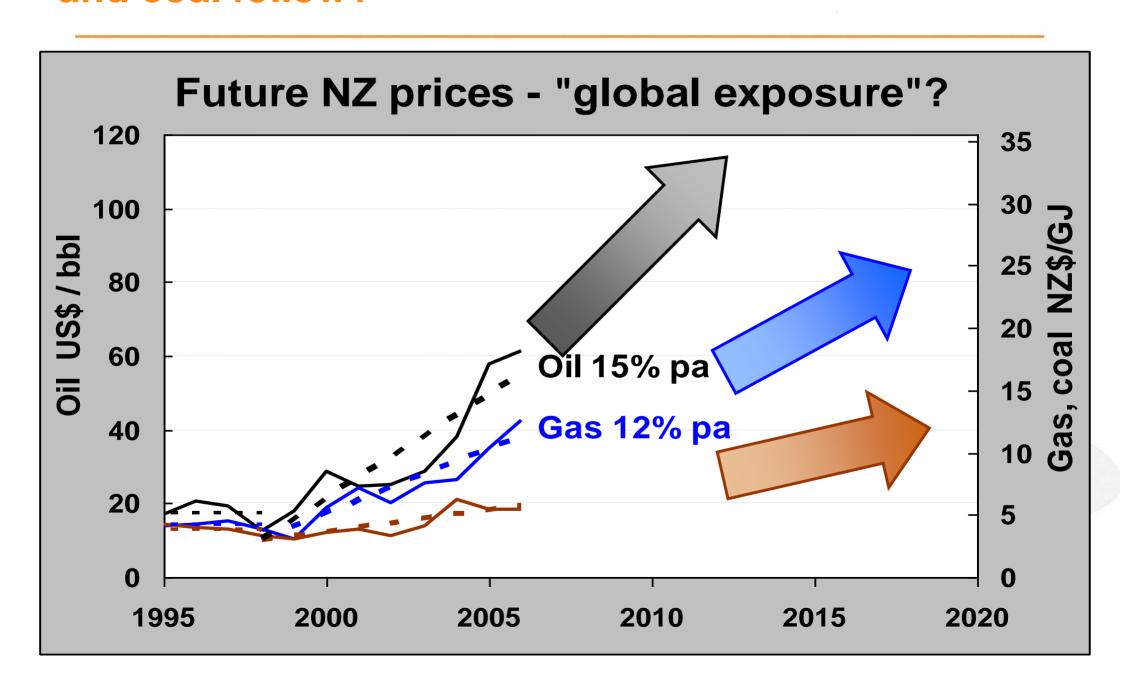
Hopkins Lecture 2006

The economy and energy: are both sustainable?

Don Elder

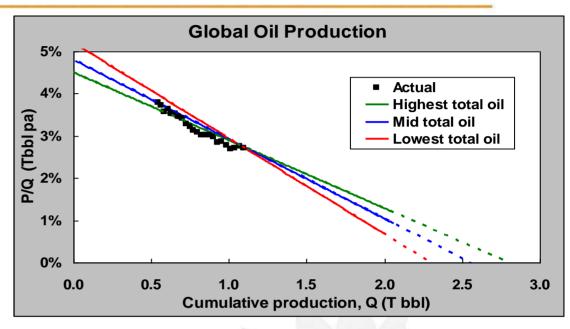
Where will oil prices go ... and how closely will gas and coal follow?

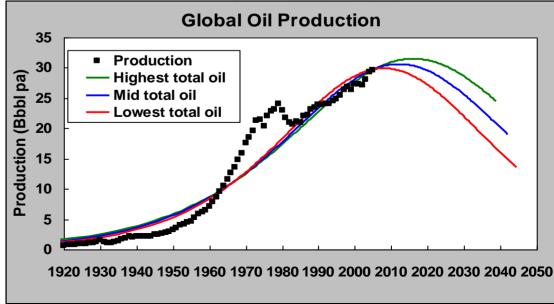


"Conventional" oil is running out ...

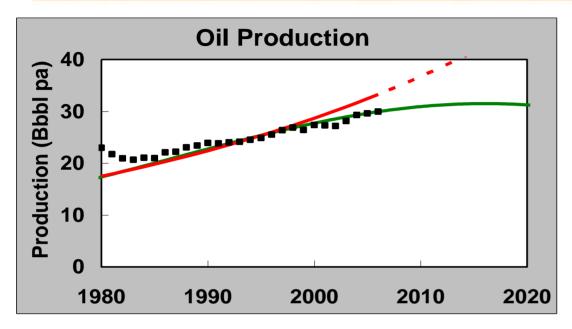
 Under any scenario peak conventional oil production is likely between 2006 and 2020 - probably sooner rather than later

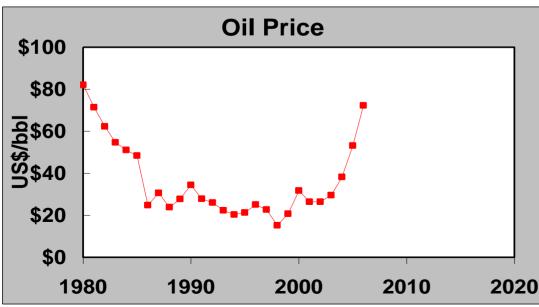
 Deep oil, heavy oil and oil shale will be produced but not at the rates or prices required to maintain the global oil economy





Oil prices are driven – like all markets - by the point of intersection of demand and supply





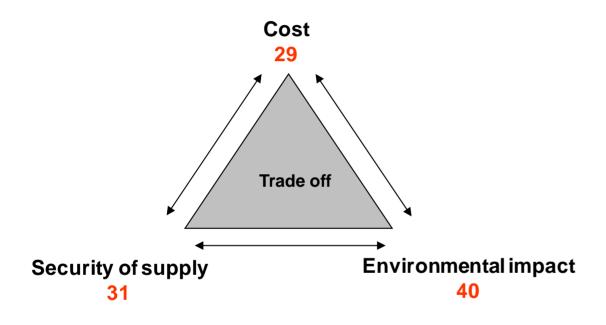
 From 1980 to 1993 production capacity exceeded underlying demand ... and the price fell

 Since 1998 the rate of underlying demand growth has exceeded the rate of production growth ... and prices have risen, increasingly steeply

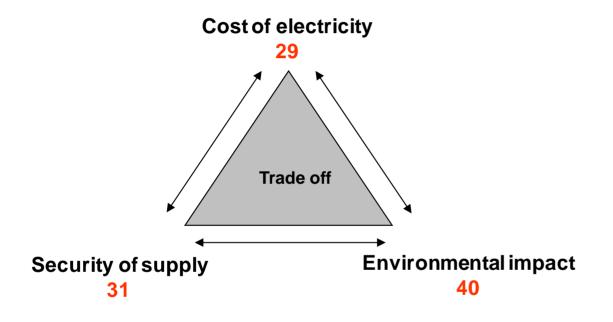
NZers continue to be worried about our energy / electricity situation .. although many are confused

- 65% believe we do not have an appropriate energy or electricity plan/strategy
- 85% think we will have electricity shortages in the next 5-10 years
- However 81% also think electricity provides most or all of NZ's energy needs

NZers say they rate electricity cost and security evenly, and reduced environmental impact highly



NZers say they rate electricity cost and security evenly, and reduced environmental impact highly

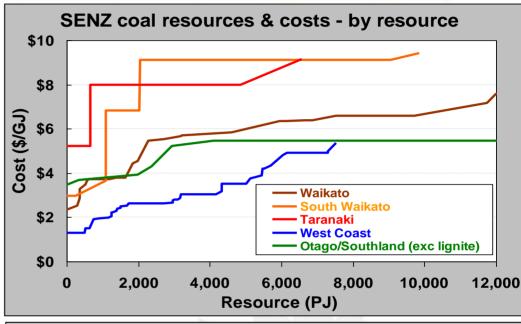


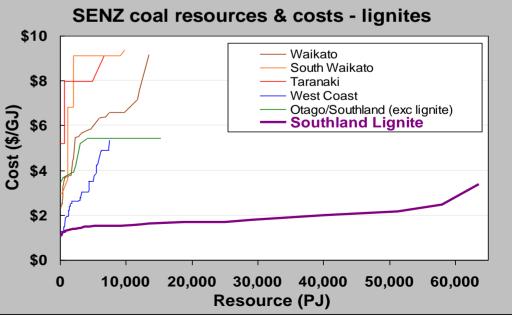
- But only
- •20% would pay ≥\$10/week (8%) for increased security
- •26% would pay ≥\$10/week to reduce environmental impacts

 And 59% would not support a carbon tax being passed on to consumers by generators

Can coal be a NZ option?

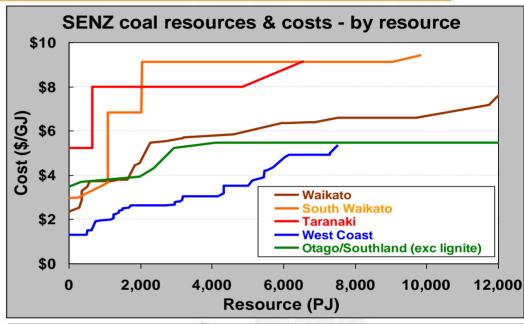
- •NZ has the largest per capita thermal coal resource of any country (similar to Australia):
- >6,000 PJ in <u>each</u> of 5 regions
- 50-100,000 PJ lignites <\$3/GJ
- 150-200,000 PJ <\$5/GJ(??)

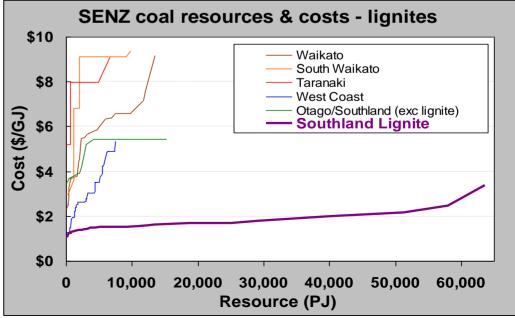




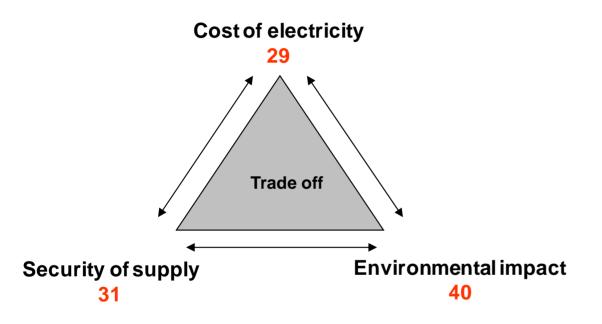
Can coal be a NZ option?

- •NZ has the largest per capita thermal coal resource of any country (similar to Australia):
- >6,000 PJ in <u>each</u> of 5 regions
- 50-100,000 PJ lignites <\$3/GJ
- 150-200,000 PJ <\$5/GJ(??)
- 2,000-2,500 yrs at today's rates
- 600-700 years at 250 PJpa
- 250-300 years at 600 PJpa
- resource value ~\$1,000 billion?



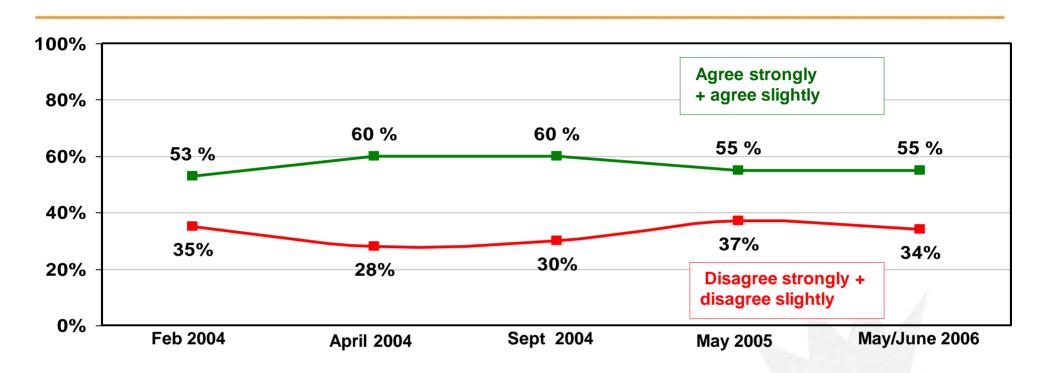


Can coal address all three energy objectives?



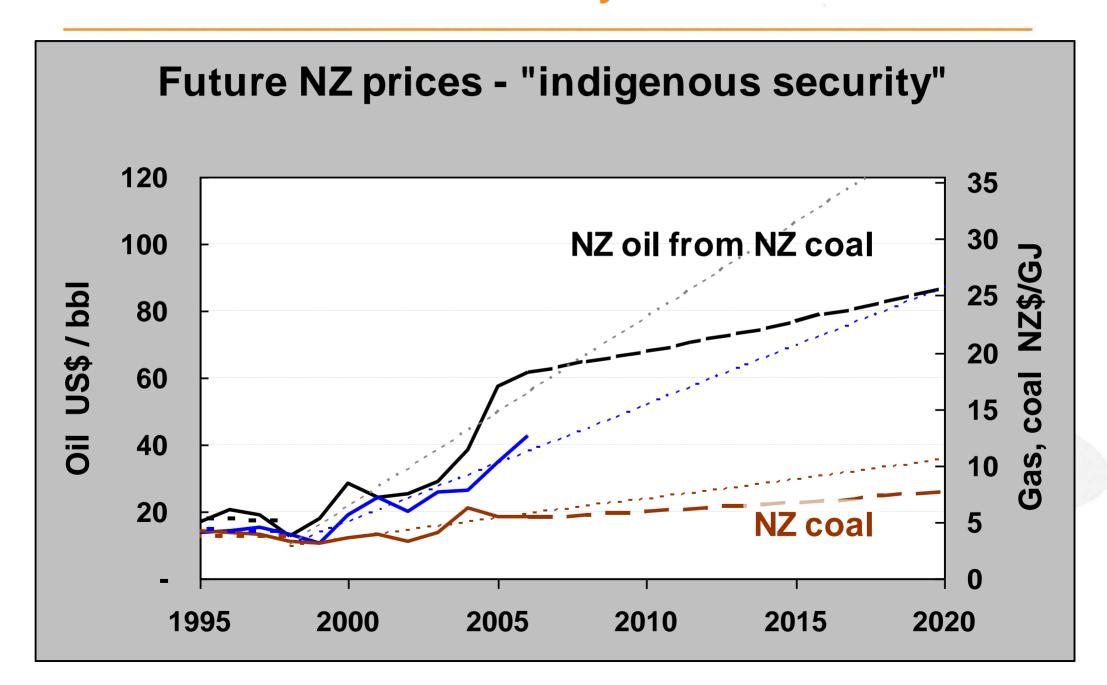
- Security Yes
- Cost Yes
- Environmental acceptability?

55% of NZers currently think we should be making greater use of our coal resources



- 86 would have a more positive opinion if they knew technology was being used to reduce pollutant gases from power stations
- 72% would have a more positive opinion if they knew CO₂ capture and storage technology could be used within 10-20 years
- 36% would have a more positive opinion if coal could reduce the cost of electricity

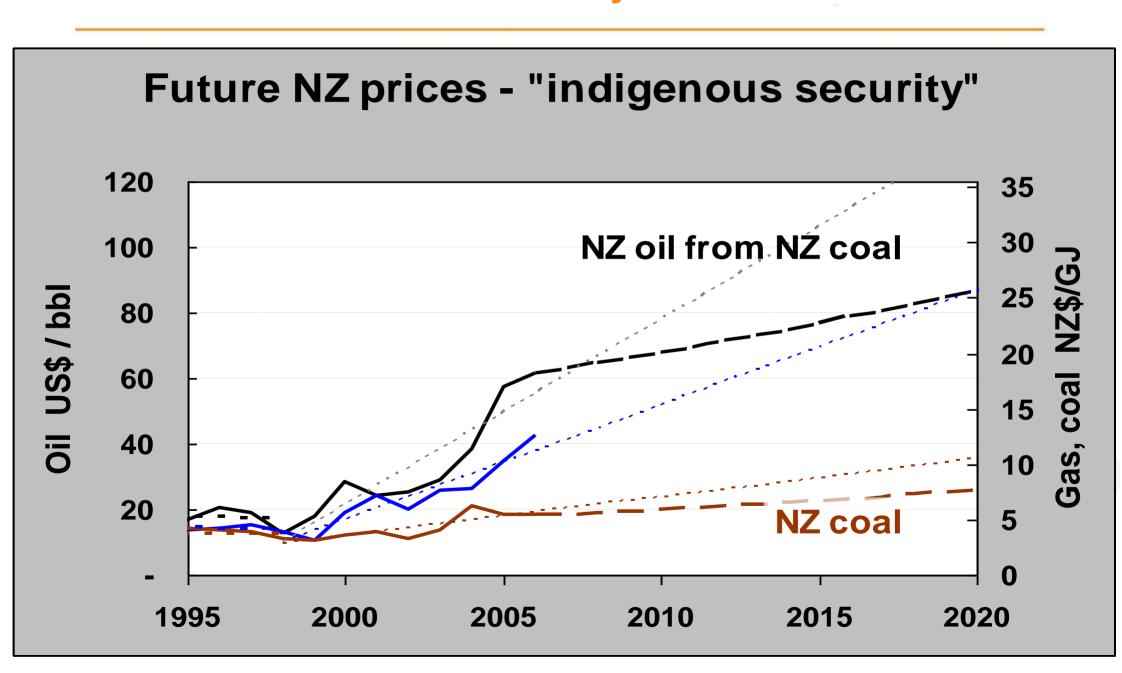
Our coal resources can offer energy security for <u>all</u> fuels – and economic security for centuries



Technology based approach to climate change

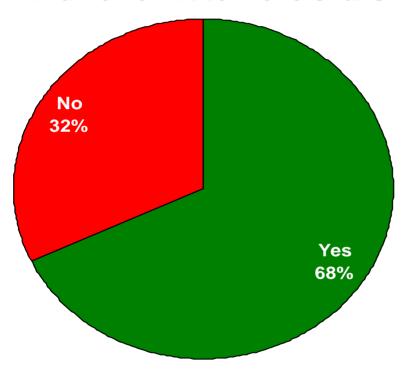
- Price based measures in the short term:
 - will not incentivise investment in technology R&D
 - will reduce economic growth
- R & D is critical
 - NZ is too small to 'afford' R & D of technologies at the scale required
 - NZ could lead the way in agricultural methane emissions
 - No mainstream country has significant investment earmarked for agricultural methane R & D
- Technology transfer will be critical for NZ

Our coal resources can offer energy security for <u>all</u> fuels – and economic security for centuries

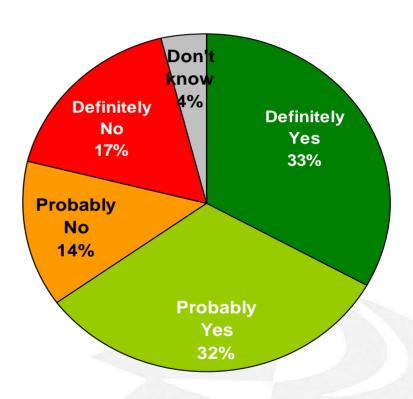


Over 2/3 of NZers knew about the "snails" and well over 80% were supportive

Had heard/read anything about granting a Wildlife Permit to move snails



Think outcome is reasonable



 Of those who did not think the outcome was reasonable, over half thought it was a waste of time/money etc