Award Regulations

UC Qualifications

Faculty of Commerce

Faculty of Creative Arts

Faculty of Education

Faculty of Engineering and Forestry

Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences

Arts

Faculty of Law

Faculty of Science

Board of Studies for Continuing and Bridging Education

Board of Studies for Tertiary Teaching

Doctorates

Award Regulations

How to read a Schedule to the Regulations

The key below explains the components of a typical Schedule (the example shown is for the purposes of illustration only and is not a real course).

Course Code	Course Title	Pts	EFTS	10	P/C/R/RP/EQ
PHYS 399	Physics Research *Note: Limited entry. See limitation of entry regulations.*	15	0.1250	S1	P: MATH 105 C: PHYS 398 R: ASTR 392 RP: PHYS 201 EQ: ASTR 392

Course code

The course code consists of a four-letter subject code (eg, PHYS for Physics) and a three digit number, the first number of which indicates the level of the course.

Course title

The course title (eg, Physics Research) provides a quick guide to the area covered by the course.

Notes

The notes contain any other important information which relates to the course.

Pts: Points

This is the number of points that will be credited to a student's degree/diploma/certificate if they pass the course. Only the schedules listing undergraduate courses indicate points values.

Note: The University is undertaking a phased transition to a common course size of 15 poiints or multiples thereof, with a final implementation date of 1 January 2011. Courses offered in 2010 are a variety of point sizes to reflect this transition.

EFTS

EFTS means 'equivalent full-time student'. This is the Ministry of Education's basic unit of funding to the University. The EFTS value of a course is multiplied by the appropriate fee band to determine the fees for a course. The EFTS value can also be used to a guide to workload. Only the schedules listing postgraduate courses indicate EFTS values.

10: Course occurrence code

The course occurrence code indicates the semester(s) the course is being offered in, eg, S1 = Semester 1. *Note: SU2 indicates a November 2009 course start date. See Course Catalogue section for a full list of semester indicators and course dates.*

P: Prerequisites

Prerequisites are the course(s) a student needs to pass before they can enrol in a course.

C: Co-requisites

Co-requisites are courses a student must either have already passed, or be concurrently enrolled in, to enrol in a course.

R: Restrictions

A restriction means a student cannot count both this course and any course(s) restricted against it towards any degree. Restrictions occur where two (or more) courses cover substantially the same material.

RP: Recommended preparation

Recommended preparation includes a course (or courses) the school or department recommends a student takes before enrolling in a course.

EQ: Equivalent courses

Equivalent courses are courses which cover the same material but which are coded to different subjects or different qualifications (this is known as 'double-coding').